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Robert Townson Primary School

Working Mathematically Project

Open - ended Problems

Early Stage 1 to Stage 3

Early Stage 1 Open-ended maths problems

Question 1

Provide small groups of students a pile of unifix blocks. Ask children to make as many towers of 10 as they can using 2 colours. Photograph child and their towers. Question children as to what they have made. Children who have completed this task easily may be asked if they can make a tower of 10 using 3 colours. Teacher to record notes about children and the processes they used on proforma sheet.

Question 2

Children are given a stencil with 10 towers already pre-drawn on it. Some towers have 10 blocks, others have more. Children are asked to use 2 colours to colour towers of 10. Teacher to note children who were unable to cut off at 10 and those who did not use 2 colours to show partitions. More capable students may use 3 colours to show 10.

Question 3

Children are given the problem, there are 4 tails. How many dogs and how many cats could there be? Children are provided with A3 paper to draw their solutions and can label their drawings.

Notes: Class: Qu 1 Towers of 10 using unifix blocks ۰.. Date:

Name: _

Assessment task:

Stage: Early Stage 1

Qu 1 Using unifix blocks, make towers of 10 using 2 colours

Qu 2 Colour combinations to 10 using a pre-drawn stencil

Qu 3 There are 4 tails. How many dogs and how many cats could there be?

Strand	Substrand	Question	Pre-Basic	Basic	Sound	High
WM	Number Addition	Qu 1	Children don't have concept of 10. Don't have 10 blocks.	Children make only 1 combination to 10, using 2 colours.	2 – 3 combinations to 10.	4 – 5 combinations to 10.
WΜ	Number Addition	Qu 2	No meaningful representation of 10.	Children can partition and cut off at 10. (Only with the towers of 10) Children will show $1-2$ ways of making 10.	Children can partition and cut off at towers greater than 10. Children will show more than 3 ways of making 10.	Children can demonstrate multiple ways of making 10 ie using 3 colours to make 10.
WМ	Number Addition	Qu 3	No understanding of problem. Unable to draw solutions.	Children can draw 1 combination only.	Children are able to draw 2 – 4 combinations.	Children are able to draw all 5 combinations to solve problem.

Post test - June

Assessment task:

Stage: Early Stage 1

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Qu 1 Make combinations to 10 using plastic teddies on teddy tummy boards.

Qu 2 Record combinations to 10 on teddies worksheet.

Strand	Substrand	Question	Pre-Basic	Basic .	Sound	High
WM	Number	Qu 1	Students don't have	Students make only 1	Students make 2 - 3	Students make 4 - 5
	Addition		concept of 10.	combination to 10.	combinations to 10.	combinations to 10.
			Don't count out 10			
			teddies.			
WM	Number	Qu 2	Students unable to	Students may be	Students record	Students record all
	Addition		correctly record	unable to record	matching number	number sentences
			number sentences	number sentence	sentences on their	correctly to show their
`.			on worksheet.	correctly, although	worksheet to show	combinations to 10.
				they have	their combinations to	
				demonstrated a	10.	
				combination to 10		
				using plastic teddies.		

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Name:

Class: _____ Date: _____

Qu 1 Make combinations to 10 using teddy

tummies and plastic teddies.

Record combinations to 10 on teddies worksheet.

Notes:

Maths Pri-Assessment Stage One - 1 2001

Name:

Class:____

Yesterday I put some counters into groups with the same number in each group. I cannot remember the groups, but I remember that there were 12 counters. What might the groups have been?



here Name: -6 1027 E 20 Walks Pre-Assessment legs. could there possibly be? How many Stage One Aurit cows Class:_ and 2004 how huoui chickens

Maths Post Assessment Stage One - June 2009

Name:

Class:

There were 16 legs. How many cats and how many ducks could there possibly be?

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IN	ar	ne:	

_____ Date: _ Class: ____ Stage 2 Problem 1 Using four 4s and any operation, how many different number sentences can you make?

Use the back of the sheet for any others

RUBRIC FOR OPEN ENDED ASSESSMENT STAGE 2 (LATER)

	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····	
	LIMITED ACHIEVEMENT	BASIC ACHIEVEMENT	SOUND ACHIEVEMENT	HIGH ACHIEVEMENT	OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT
	Has used four 4s in some number sentences	Has used four 4s in all number sentences	Has used four 4s in all number sentences	Has achieved all of the sound outcomes.	Has achieved all of the high outcomes.
X 23 24	Has used up to 3 digit numbers in number sentences	Has used up to 4 digit numbers in number sentences	Has used up to 4 digit numbers in number sentences	Has used some 6 digit numbers in number sentences	
WHOLE NUM (NS 2.1)		Has used a variety of numbers with different place values in number sentences	Has used a variety of numbers with different place values in number sentences	numbers in number sentences Has used fractions in number sentences	
			Has used some 5 digit numbers	number sentences	
	Has used a variety of addition and subtraction in number sentences	Has used a variety of the 4 operations in number sentences	Has used up to 3 different operations in number sentences	Has used up to 4 different operations in number sentences	The student is able to explain the mathematical thinking
RATIONS 2.2, NS2.3	Has calculated some answers to basic number sentences	Has used up to 2 different operations in number sentences	Has used brackets to show order of operations	Has calculated answers to more complex	to support answers
N SN	There is no evidence of	Has calculated simple operations correctly	simple answers correctly	Semences correctly	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mathematical thinking	There is little evidence of mathematical thinking	There is some evidence of mathematical thinking	There is evidence of mathematical thinking	

lsing three 35 and	d any operat	tion $(\perp -)$	· ·) create
s many different	number sent	ences as yo ida tha pura	ou can. The
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Open Ended Problem - Final (Less Complex Version)

Using four 3's and any operation $(+ - x \div)$ create as many different number sentences as you can. The number sentences can only include the number 3.

Try to answer some of your questions if you can. The answers can include numbers apart from 3.

	Outstanding	High	Sound	Basic	Limited
Whole Number	* Has achieved all sound outcomes, <i>Also</i> Has drawn on other strands. e.g. measurement, patterns.	* Has achieved all sound outcomes, <i>Also</i> Used fractions, decimals, money, percentages, roman numerals etc in number sentences.	 * Has used 4 3s in all number sentences. * Uses up to 3 digit numbers. * Uses a variety of numbers with different place values in number sentences. 	* Has used 4 3s in most number sentences. * Uses up to 2 digit numbers.	* Has used 4 3s in some or no number sentences. * Uses all 1 digit numbers.
Operations	* Has achieved all high outcomes, <i>Also</i> Can explain thinking behind all number sentences.	 * Has used all 4 operations overall; uses more than one operation in a number sentence. * Uses brackets to show order of operations. 	* Has used all 4 operations overall; only one operation per number sentence.	* Has used 2 or 3 operations.	* Has used 1 operation only.
	Outstanding	High	Sound	Basic	Limited
Working Mathemat.	* Evaluates most efficient strategy they used.	* Justifies reasons for using different operations, sequences and symbols, i.e brackets.	* Identifies correct operation and explains the reasoning used.	* Not consistent in explanation of operations used. i.e. cannot explain all operations, cannot explain operations fully.	* Unable to explain what they have written.

Name:	Class:	Date: Vaar 4
Jsing four 9s an number sentences only include the n	d any operation, as you can. The umber 9.	create as many different number sentences can
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<u>Open Ended Problem - Final</u> (More Complex Version)

Using four 9's and any operation create as many different number sentences as you can. The number sentences can only include the number 9.

You need to write the answers to the questions.

	Outstanding	High	Sound	Basic	Limited
Whole Number	* Has achieved all sound outcomes, <i>Also</i> Has drawn on other strands. e.g. measurement, patterns.	* Has achieved all sound outcomes, <i>Also</i> Used fractions, decimals, money, percentages, roman numerals etc in number sentences.	 * Has used 4 9s in all number sentences. * Uses up to 3 digit numbers. * Uses a variety of numbers with different place values in number sentences. 	* Has used 4 9s in most number sentences. * Uses up to 2 digit numbers.	* Has used 4 9s in some or no number sentences. * Uses all 1 digit numbers.
Operations	* Has achieved all high outcomes, <i>Also</i> Can explain thinking behind all number sentences.	 * Has used all 4 operations overall; uses more than one operation in a number sentence. * Uses brackets to show order of operations. 	* Has used all 4 operations overall; only one operation per number sentence.	* Has used 2 or 3 operations.	* Has used 1 operation only.
Working Mathemat.	* Evaluates most efficient strategy they used.	* Justifies reasons for using different operations, sequences and symbols, i.e brackets.	* Identifies correct operation and explains the reasoning used.	* Not consistent in explanation of operations used. i.e. cannot explain all operations, cannot explain operations fully.	* Unable to explain what they have written.

					Name: Class: Date: Date:
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How many different number combinations can you find to solve this problem? The answer is 500. What might the question be?

<u>Stage 3</u>

273

<u>Stage 3 Open Ended Question</u> <u>Term 1 2009</u> <u>Focus ~ 4 Operations and Variety of Responses</u>

<u>Year 5</u>

<u>Outstanding</u>: 4 Basic Operations plus 3/4 additional different responses eg – word problem, Roman Numerals, fractions and decimals, measurement

<u>High:</u> 4 Basic Operations plus 2 additional different responses eg – word problem, Roman Numeral

Sound: 4 Basic Operations

Basic: 3 Basic Operations

Limited: 2 Basic Operations

<u> Year 6</u>

<u>Outstanding</u>: 4 Basic Operations plus 4 additional different and complex responses eg - %, measurement, algebra, median

<u>High:</u> 4 Basic Operations plus 3 additional different responses eg – word problem, Roman Numerals, fractions and decimals

Sound: 4 Basic Operations plus additional response

Basic: 3 Basic Operations plus additional response

Limited: 2 Basic Operations

Stage 3 Open Ended Question <u>Term 1 2009</u> Focus ~ 4 Operations and Variety of Responses

<u>Year 5</u>

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Outstanding	5
High	5
Sound	25
Basic	29
Limited	25
	Total: 89

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89

<u>Outstanding</u> :	4 Basic Operations plus 3/4 additional different responses
	eg - word problem, Roman Numerals, fractions, decimals,
	measurement
<u>High:</u>	4 Basic Operations plus 2 additional different responses eg -
1	word problem, Roman Numeral
Sound:	4 Basic Operations
<u>Basic:</u>	3 Basic Operations
<u>Limited:</u>	2 Basic Operations

<u>Year 6</u>

Outstanding		1	
High		7	
Sound		18	
Basic		37	
Limited		24	<u>,, .</u>
	Total:	87	

Total:

Outstanding :	4 Basic Operations plus 4 additional different and complex
	responses eg - %, measurement, algebra, median
<u>High:</u>	4 Basic Operations plus 3 additional different responses eg
	- word problem, Roman Numerals, fractions and decimals
<u>Sound</u> :	4 Basic Operations plus additional response
<u>Basic:</u>	3 Basic Operations plus additional response
Limited:	2 Basic Operations

Stage 3 Maths Assessment 2009 Open Ended Task No. 3

Number

The answer is 360. What might the question be?

Consider constructing your response from the following areas of numeracy:-

U Word problems/Number Stories

u +, -, x, ÷

□ Fractions

Decimals

□ Arrays

Angles

Roman Numerals

□ Number Lines

□ Patterns and Algebra

Diagrams

□ Mathematical symbols –

 \Box Graphs

Achievement

- **Limited** is considered when there is evidence of only one or two operations and no other strategies.
- Basic is considered when there is evidence of three operations and at least one other strategy.
- Sound is considered when there is evidence of the four operations and at least two other strategies.
- **High** is considered when there is evidence of the four operations and at least four other strategies.